

## AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN

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### Weather based Agromet Advisory committee meeting dated 16.09.2025 District Solapur

Weather Parameters	Weather Forecast (16.09.2025 to 20.09.2025)				
Date	17	18	19	20	21
Rainfall (mm)	17	8	7	6	3
Max. Temp. (0C)	32	33	33	34	34
Min. Temp. (0C)	24	24	24	24	23
Cloud Cover	8	8	7	7	7
Max. RH (%)	95	96	96	95	89
Min. RH (%)	72	66	63	63	59
Wind Speed(km/hr)	11	11	10	12	11
Wind direction (deg)	303	301	289	282	287

**Agromet Advisory Based on Weather Forecast Prediction** 

Crop	Crop Stage	Advisory		
Weather Summary/ Alert		According to forecast given by Regional Meteorological Centre, Mumbai,		
		India Meteorological Department, there is possibility of rainfall at many		
		(fairly wide spread i.e., over 51–75% of the district) places on dt. 16 <sup>th</sup>		
		September, 2025 and at some (scattered i.e., over 26–50% of the district)		
		places on dt. 17 <sup>th</sup> & 18 <sup>th</sup> September, 2025 and at isolated (i.e., over 0–25% of		
		the district) places on dt. 19 <sup>th</sup> & 20 <sup>th</sup> September, 2025 in the district.		
		Warning: According to forecast given by Regional Meteorological Centre		
		Mumbai, India Meteorological Department, isolated places in the district may		
	experience thunderstorm activity accompanied with gusty winds (30 to			
		kmph), lightening & light to moderate rainfall on dt. 16 <sup>th</sup> , 17 <sup>th</sup> , 18 <sup>th</sup> & 19 <sup>th</sup>		
		September, 2025.		
	Range Forecast	As per ERFS products during 21 <sup>st</sup> September, 2025 to 27 <sup>th</sup> September, 2025		
(E	RFS)	over Madhya Maharashtra (Dhule, Nandurbar, Jalgaon, Nashik, Ahmednagar,		
		Pune, Satara, Sangli, Solapur, Kolhapur) division		
		Rainfall may remain above normal.		
		Maximum temperature may remain normal.		
		Minimum temperature may remain normal.		
Genera	l Advisory	• As there is a possibility of rainfall in the district hence, excess rain water		
		in the fields should be drained out.		
		• As there is possibility of thunderstorm at isolated places take		
		precautionary measures in fruit orchards by staking.		
		• Farmers should observe the pest and disease incidence on their field and if		
		the infestation is above economic threshold level (ETL), then proper pest		
		and disease management should be done.		
		• In rainy season, farmers should make use of sticker, mineral oil etc. while		
		spraying.		

		<ul> <li>Farmers should spray insecticides and herbicides separately.</li> <li>Due to continuous and intermittent rains the weeds grow profusely for its control spray glyphosate 41% EC 2 to 4 liter per hectare in 500-700 litre of water, use sticker and spray when there are no rains.</li> <li>Field should be prepared for the approaching <i>rabi</i> season so that sowing of <i>rabi</i> crops can be done in time.</li> <li>Due to the current cloudy and rainy weather, 0.5 to 1 % bordeaux should be sprayed in orchards for disease control.</li> <li>Farmers should download and make use of Meghdoot mobile app for weather based crop advisory and weather forecast.</li> <li>Also, farmers should download and make use of Damini mobile app for lightning and thunderstorm warning and forecasting.</li> <li>Farmers should refer and use KRISHIDARSHINI published by Mahatama Phule Agricultural University for all agriculture related information.</li> </ul>
Cotton	Flowering to	For control of aphids and jassids, spray 5% neem extract, release chrysopa
	boll	eggs at the rate of 50000/- per hectare, spray flonicamid 50 W. G. 2 gm or
	formation	buprofezin 25 SC 20 ml or difenthuron 50 WP 12 gm per 10 liters of water when there are no rains.
	stage	For control of white grubs drenching of <i>metarhizium anisopli</i> 50 g per 10 lit.
		of water should be done. White grubs larvae should be collected and
		destroyed during inter-cultivation operations.
		When the crop is 80 to 90 days old, the top of the main branch of the tree
		should be pruned. This limits the vegetative growth of the crop and improves
		the growth of all the pods. The crop get good aeration. The pods do not rot
Sugarcane	Vegetative	and the incidence of pests and diseases is reduced.  As there is a possibility of rainfall hence, excess rain water in the fields
Sugarcane	stage	should be drained out.
Soybean	Pod filling	Due to present cloudy & rainy weather condition for control of leaf-eating
	stage	caterpillars, use pheromone traps using 5 spodolure per hectare and use light traps if possible. Also, for control, spray flubendamide 20% WG 6 gm or flubendamide 39.35% SC 3 ml or indoxacarb 15.80% EC 6 ml or spinetorum 11.70% SC 10 ml per 10 liters of water when there are no rains.
Maize	Tasseling and	In standing crop, spraying of neem extract 5% or emamectin benzoate 5% SG,
	Silking	8 gm per liter of water when there are no rains for control of American Army worm. Care should be taken that the maize crop which has been sprayed by
		insecticide should not be used as fodder.
Pigeon Pea	Branching	For control of shoot borer and spodoptera, spray 5% neem extract or neem-
	stage	containing insecticide azadirectin 0.03% (300 ppm) 5 ml per liter of water or indoxacarb 14.5% SC 7 ml or emamectin benzoate 5% SG 3 ml per 10 liters
		of water in the morning when the wind is calm, add sticker 1 ml per liter,
		when there are no rains.
Green gram	Maturity stage	As rainfall is forecasted carry out harvesting of matured <i>kharif</i> Green gram within time and keep harvested produce at protected place.
Black gram	Maturity stage	Start the harvesting immediately when 70 % of pods mature and when there
		are no rains. One or two rounds of pod picking should be done to avoid shattering of pods and avoid losses. As rainfall is forecasted carry out
		harvesting of timely sown matured <i>kharif</i> Black gram within time and keep
<b>X</b> 7. 4 <b>X X</b>		harvested produce at protected place.
Vegetable		While cultivating vegetable crops like brinjal, okra, guar etc. in <i>kharif</i> season,

Crops		make use of yellow sticky traps, host trap crops, biological fungicides (Metarhizium, Trichogramma, Verticillium, etc.) should be used after planting according to the stage of the crop for the biological control of sapsucking insects. Chemical insecticides and fungicides should be used if necessary.
Tomato	Vegetative stage	For control of fruit borer, apply 2-3 sprays of quinolphos 25% EC 20 ml or novaleron 10% EC 15 ml or chloranthranylylprole 18.5% SC 3 ml in 10 liters of water at an interval of 8 to 10 days when there are no rains.
Brinjal	Vegetative stage	For the control of shoot & fruit borer, collect and destroy the rotten fruit and buds every week after 20 days of planting. Also, 5% neem extract or cypermethrin 25% EC 4 ml or chlorpyrifos 20% EC 20 ml or spinosad 45% SC 4 ml should be sprayed per 10 liters of water using a simple hand pump when there are no rains. Use 40 pheromone (funnel type) traps per acre in the field.
Onion	Vegetative stage	To control blight, spray difenconazole 25% EC 10 ml per 10 liters of water or tebuconazole 10 ml per 10 liters of water or azoxystrobin 18.2% + difenconazole 11.4% 10 ml per 10 liters of water or azoxystrobin 11% + tebuconazole 18.3% 10 ml per 10 liters of water or kitazez 48% EC 10 ml per 10 liters of water alternately at an interval of 10 to 15 days. Use sticker while spraying.
Banana	Vegetative stage	Due to the present cloudy and rainy weather, for control of sigatoka disease, the affected leaf part/leaves should be removed and burned. Also, spray metiram 55% + pyraclostrobin 5% (60% WG) 30 grams per 10 liters of water when there are no rains. After that, 2 sprays should be done at an interval of 15 to 20 days. Avoid using mineral oil for spraying before harvesting (for export quality). As the wind speed is likely to increase, trees should be supported by sticks to prevent them from falling. As there is a possibility of rainfall in the district hence, excess rain water in the fields should be drained out. Due to the current cloudy weather, for the control of thrips, spray imidacloprid 5 ml per 10 liters of water when there are no rains.
Grapes	Vegetative stage	Due to cloudy and rainy weather, for the control of mealybug, uproot the weeds in the orchard & maintain cleanliness in the orchard. Make use of yellow sticky traps and for chemical control spray with Buprofezin 25% SC 15 ml or Lecanicillium lecani 50 gm + 50 ml milk mixed in 10 liters of water. (Temperature should be less than 30 degrees Celsius and humidity should be more than 65 percent).
Mango	Vegetative stage	The trunk should be monitored from time to time. If chaff is seen coming from the trunk, immediate control measures should be taken. Leaves turn yellow if there is a stem borer infestation. Chaff can be seen coming out of the hole in the trunk. Remove the infested bark of the trunk with a pestle and kill the worm. Make it solution of chlorpyrifos (20 EC) 50 ml per 10 liters of water and put it in the hole with the help of injection. Dip a cotton ball in this solution and close the hole.  The shoots that come under the joints of newly planted mango cuttings should be removed from time to time. The cuttings and rootstocks should be kept free from weeds and clean. If the wind speed increases, soil should be added to prevent the cuttings from collapsing. Newly planted cuttings should be supported by sticks. Use planofix 200 ppm to prevent mango

	malformation in densely planted orchards.
Animal	Take care that, contaminated or silt-mixed water does not enter the drinking
Managemen	water of the animals. Deworm the animals. Sulfa tablets should be used for
t	the disease due to eating of green grass. Do not tie the animals in open
	spaces. Keep them in a barn, shed or strong building.
	spaces. Keep them in a barn, shed or strong building.

Note: Farmers should take necessary precautionary measures while spraying insecticide, fungicide etc. and use Kisan Kavach Body Suite.

#### **Source:**

1) Weather Forecast : Regional Meteorological Centre (RMC, Mumbai)

2) Last week weather summary : -

Place : COA, Pune Sd/-

Date : 16.09.2025 Principal Nodal Officer, GKMS, AMFU Pune & Head, Department of Agril. Meteorology, COA, Pune.